

# COL 351 : ANALYSIS & DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS

## LECTURE 22

### DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING I:

### WEIGHTED INDEPENDENT SET

SEPT 20, 2024

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ROHIT VAISH

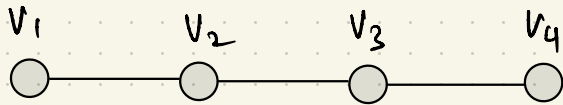
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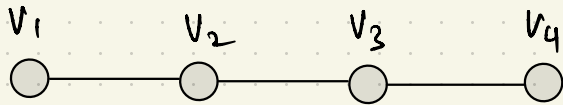




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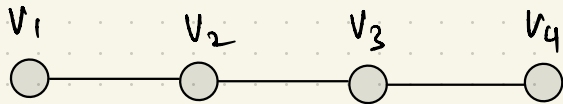


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subset of non-adjacent vertices

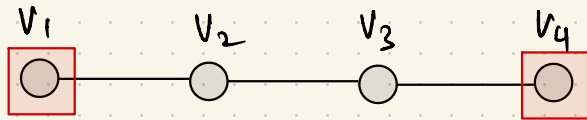


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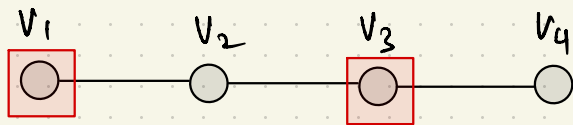


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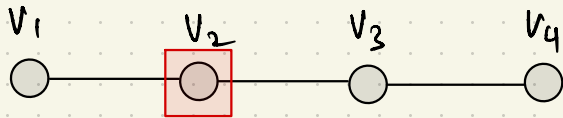


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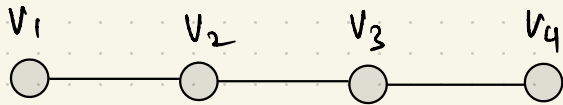
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How many independent sets?

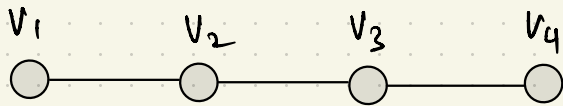


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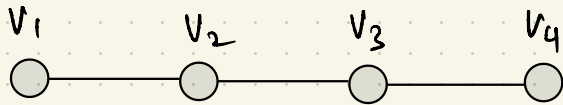
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in general: exponential in  $n$  😞



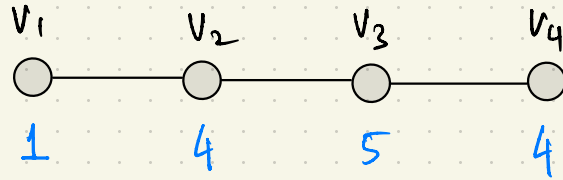
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Among feasible vertices, select one with maximum weight.

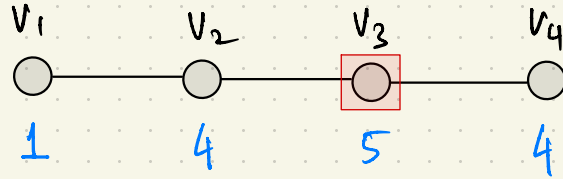
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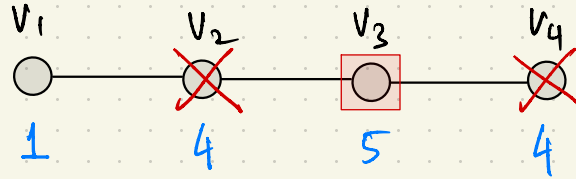
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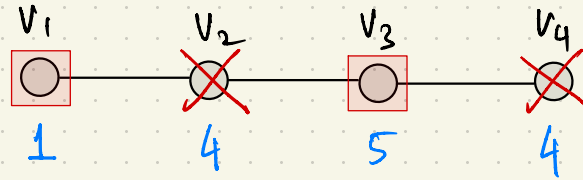
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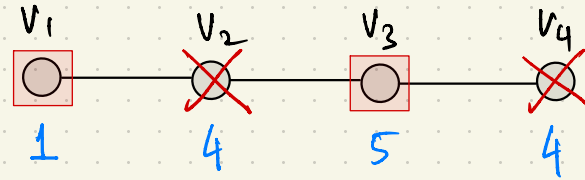
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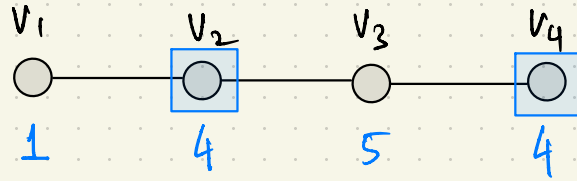
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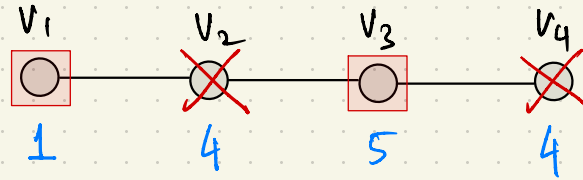
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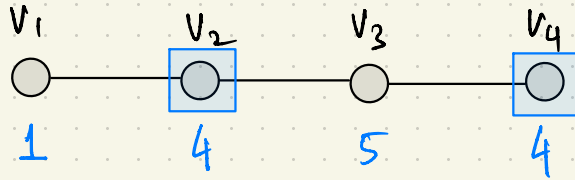
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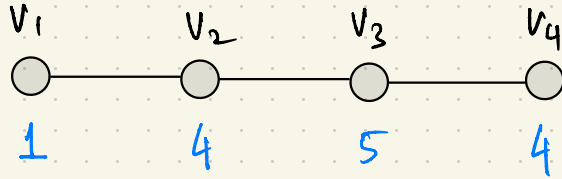
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Recursively compute ind. set for left and right halves and combine the solutions

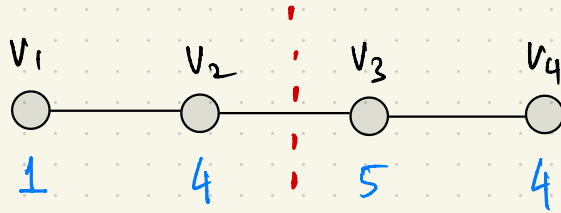
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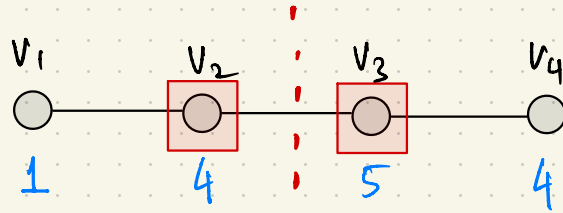
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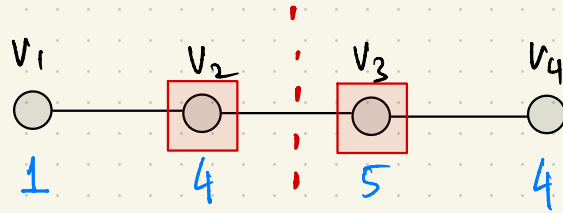
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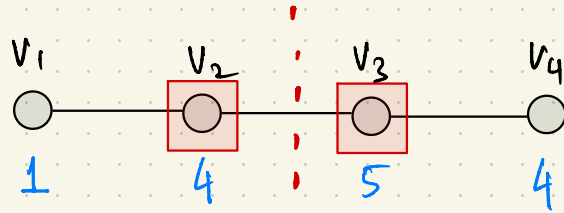
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Not clear how to resolve conflicts.

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$O(n^2)$  algorithm with four recursive calls.

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**Hope:** Need to consider only a few subproblems — manageable!

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Then,  $S \setminus \{v_n\}$  is an independent set of  $G''$ .

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if  $v_n \notin S$

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We don't know which case we are in.



Only need to think about **two** subproblems!

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Idea: Try both possibilities and return the better solution.



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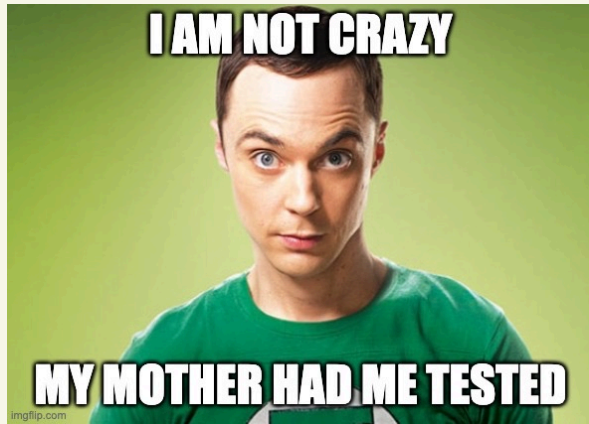
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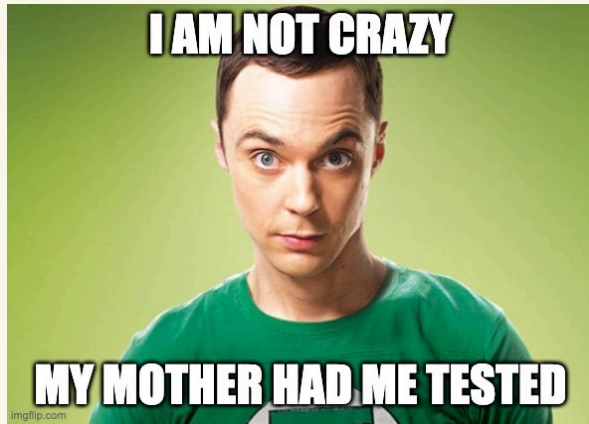
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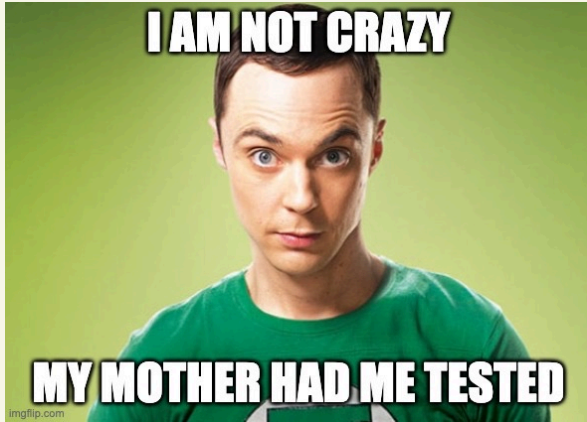


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This is **recursively organized** brute force.

By eliminating redundant computations, we can solve the problem in **linear** time.